CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

9702 PHYSICS

9702/31

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2015 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.



Syllabus

Paper

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	(Cambridge International AS/A Level – October/November 2015	9702	31
(a)	(iv)	Value of <i>d</i> in range 19.5 cm to 20.5 cm with unit.		[1]
(c)	(ii)	Value of N with evidence of repeat readings.		[1]
(e)		sets of readings of <i>d</i> and <i>N</i> scores 5 marks, five sets scores 4 mark orrect trend –1. Help from Supervisor –1.	s etc.	[5]
		nge: nallest value of <i>d</i> < 9.5 cm.		[1]
	Ea pre	lumn headings: ch column heading must contain a quantity and a unit where appropersentation of quantity and unit must conform to accepted scientific column. d^{-1}/m^{-1} .		[1]
		nsistency: values of <i>d</i> must be given to the nearest mm.		[1]
	Ev	inificant figures: ery value of 1 <i>/d</i> must be given to the same number of significant figures in the corresponding versions.	•	[1]
	,	lculation: calculated correctly to the number of significant figures given by the	candidate.	[1]
(f)	(i)	Axes: Sensible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10) are not Scales must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy at least hat graph grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Scales must be labelled with the quantity that is being plotted. Scale markings should be no more than three large squares apart.		[1]
		Plotting: All observations in the table must be plotted on the grid. Diameter of plotted points must be ≤ half a small square (no "blobs Points must be plotted to an accuracy of half a small square.	s").	[1]
		Quality: All points in the table must be plotted (at least 5) for this mark to be Scatter of points must be no more than ± 0.5 in the \sqrt{N} direction from straight line.		[1]
	(ii)	Line of best fit: Judge by balance of all points on the grid about the candidate's line 5 points). There must be an even distribution of points either side of along the full length. Allow one anomalous point only if clearly indicated (i.e. circled or la the candidate. Lines must not be kinked or thicker than half a square.	of the line	[1]

Mark Scheme

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Syllabus

Paper

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	(iii) Gradient: The hypotenuse of the triangle must be greater than half the length of the draline. Do not allow $\Delta x/\Delta y$. Sign of gradient must match graph drawn. Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in both the x and y directions.			[1] vn
		 y-intercept: Either: Correct read-offs from a point on the line substituted into y = mx + c equivalent expression. Read-offs must be accurate to half a small both x and y directions. Or: Intercept read directly from the graph, with read-off accurate to half square. 	square in	[1]
(g)		ilue of <i>A</i> = candidate's gradient and value of <i>B</i> = candidate's intercept. In this for <i>A</i> correct (e.g. m or cm or mm) and consistent with value.		[1]
		o unit given for <i>B</i> .		[1]
2 (a)	(ii)	Value for <i>x</i> to the nearest mm.		[1]
		x in the range 0.155 m to 0.165 m.		[1]
(b)) (i)	Correct calculation of C in m (correct to 2 s.f.).		[1]
	(ii)	Justification for significant figures in C linked to significant figures in	x and <i>h</i> .	[1]
(c)	(ii)	Value for <i>R</i> with unit.		[1]
		Evidence of repeat readings.		[1]
	(iii)	Absolute uncertainty in R in range 5 mm to 20 mm and correct meth calculation to obtain percentage uncertainty. If repeated readings R taken, then the uncertainty can be half the range (but not zero) if the is clearly shown.	nave been	[1]
(d)) Se	econd value of x.		[1]
	Se	econd value of <i>R</i> .		[1]
	Se	econd value of R < first value of R .		[1]
(e)	(i)	Two values of <i>k</i> calculated correctly.		[1]
	(ii)	Valid comment consistent with the calculated values of k , testing again criterion specified by the candidate.	gainst a	[1]

Mark Scheme

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(f)	(i) Limitations (4 max.)	(ii) Improvements (4 max.)	Do not credit
A	Not enough readings to draw a conclusion	Take many readings for different holes <u>and</u> plot a graph/ obtain more <i>k</i> values and <u>compare</u>	Few readings/ only one reading/ not enough readings for an accurate result/ "repeat readings" on its own/ take more readings and (calculate) average k
В	Ball rolls off block/ball does not move along straight line from the wood/rod does not hit marble square on each time/rod hits marble at an angle	Small groove in the wood to place the marble	
С	Difficult to measure distance rod is pulled back/difficult to hold rod still before release	Use another stand or stop	
D	Difficult to measure R with reason e.g. marble skids in sand leaving elongated hole/can't fit ruler in sand tray/parallax error	Improved method for measuring R e.g. video with scale/use carbon paper/ink on marble/put scale on the sand	
Е	Difficult to flatten sand/know when sand is horizontal	Use a straight edge/ use a spirit level	
F	Difficult to measure <i>x</i> with reason e.g. wooden rod moves	Method of measuring x/ clamp rule close by/ draw scale on rod	